Legal Preparedness Toolkit

Know Your Rights, Prepare for Arrest, and Resist Legal Erasure



Last update: 2025-04-30



Legal Preparedness Toolkit

Know Your Rights, Prepare for Arrest, and Resist Legal Erasure Version 1.1 - April 2025

This guide is not written for the courtroom, it's written for the streets, the jail cells, the protest camps, and the med tent backline.

It exists because trans people in the U.S. are being targeted not only by legislation, but by systems designed to isolate, disarm, and erase us. In this context, legal knowledge is not protection, it's prevention, damage control, and community defense.

This toolkit offers survival-level legal preparedness for trans organizers, protestors, mutual aid workers, and those navigating detention, arrest, or public action. Whether you're on the ground during an action, preparing your crew, or organizing legal support, this document equips you to make strategic, traumainformed decisions when confronted by the legal system.

It includes:

- Protest law basics and your rights in public space
- How to respond during arrests and searches
- Trans-specific defense protocols (gender-affirming requests, housing, names)
- Tools for documenting police abuse and surviving detention
- A national and local directory of legal allies and bail support

Because every movement needs a street medic and a legal guide in their pocket. This is yours.

👔 1. Stay Informed on Recent Legal Changes

Recent federal actions have introduced policies that may affect trans individuals' rights:

- Executive Order on Gender Definition: An executive order issued on January 20, 2025, defines sex as an immutable male-female binary, impacting federal recognition of transgender identities. This affects documentation, access to gender-affirming care, and use of gendered facilities.
- Restrictions on Gender Marker Changes: Policies have been implemented preventing individuals from updating gender markers on passports and other federal documents, complicating identification processes for trans individuals.
- Military Service Ban: An executive order has been signed banning transgender individuals from serving in the military, which has faced legal challenges and injunctions.



👔 2. Protest Rights: Where and How You Can Demonstrate

Where You Can Legally Protest

Public Spaces:

- Streets, sidewalks, and parks are generally considered public forums where free speech rights are protected.
- Permits may be required for marches that block traffic or involve large groups, but spontaneous protests in response to current events often do not require permits.

Private Property:

 You need permission to protest on private property. If you remain after being asked to leave, you can be charged with trespassing.

Government Buildings:

- Protests can occur on the steps of government buildings, but you may be restricted from entering without permission.
- Some government spaces, such as courts and airports, have tighter regulations about demonstrations.

Schools and Universities:

• Public universities are subject to First Amendment protections, but private institutions may have more leeway to restrict protests.

When a Permit is Required

- Large Gatherings: Marches that block traffic or involve loudspeakers often require permits.
- **Parks and Public Grounds:** Permits may be necessary for large-scale protests or overnight encampments.
- **Emergency Protests:** Permits are not required for spontaneous protests in response to recent events, but police may still attempt to impose restrictions.

What Police Can and Cannot Do

Can:

- Order you to disperse if there is a credible threat to public safety.
- Establish protest zones or enforce curfews during emergencies.

X Cannot:

- Disrupt peaceful protests without cause.
- Arrest individuals based on identity, gender expression, or political beliefs.
- This section may change quickly always check for updated information.



1 3. Protect Yourself During Police Interactions

▲ If Approached by Police

- **Stay Calm and Silent:** You have the right to remain silent. Say, "I am exercising my right to remain silent."
- **Do Not Consent to Searches:** Say clearly, "I do not consent to a search."
- Ask If You Are Free to Go: If the officer says no, you are being detained. If you are free to go, calmly leave the area.

If You Are Detained or Arrested

- Exercise Your Rights: Say, "I want to speak to a lawyer."
- **Do Not Answer Questions:** Do not discuss your actions, your identity, or your affiliation with activist groups.
- Demand Medical Attention: If you are injured or need medical care, request immediate medical assistance.

Trans-Specific Protections When Arrested

- Gender-Affirming Housing: You have the right to be housed in a facility that corresponds
 to your gender identity.
- Request a Gender-Affirming Officer: Demand to be searched by an officer whose gender aligns with your identity.
- Refuse to Disclose Legal Name or Gender If Unsafe: If you are outed or misgendered, demand corrections.

4. Documenting and Recording Police Interactions

Right to Record Public Officials

- You have the **right to record** police and public officials in public spaces.
- Police cannot legally confiscate or delete your footage without a warrant.
- Use apps like **Mobile Justice** or **Signal** to automatically upload footage.

Best Practices for Recording

- Announce that you are recording to avoid escalation.
- Maintain a safe distance to protect yourself.
- Record badge numbers, officer names, and time stamps.



Memorize Emergency Contacts

- Write the number of a trusted contact and legal aid organization on your body.
- Ensure your emergency contact knows your preferred name, pronouns, and any medications you may need.

Partner with Legal Observers

- National Lawyers Guild (NLG): Connect with NLG for legal observers at protests.
- **ACLU:** Provide support for civil rights violations and wrongful arrests.

6. Bail Funds and Mutual Aid Networks

Trans-Specific Bail Funds

- LGBTQ Freedom Fund: Provides bail assistance for LGBTQ+ individuals.
- National Bail Fund Network: Connects activists with local bail support.
- Local Mutual Aid Groups: Coordinate rapid response funds for jailed activists.

瞴 Post-Arrest Support

- Organize a **jail support team** to monitor detained activists.
- Prepare transportation and medical care for individuals released from custody.

> 7. Legal Resource List

- 1. National Lawyers Guild (NLG): Legal support and representation.
- 2. **ACLU:** Civil liberties and constitutional protections.
- 3. Lambda Legal: LGBTQ+ legal advocacy.
- 4. Transgender Legal Defense & Education Fund (TLDEF): Legal aid for trans communities.



Stay Informed and Empowered

Know your rights.

Write them on your arm.

Share them with your cell.

Repeat them like a chant until they come naturally in the moment of crisis.

They will try to criminalize your presence.

They will try to use fear as a weapon.

You are not alone, and you are not unarmed.

This guide is your legal armor.

Keep it close. Keep it updated. Keep each other free.

Legal Disclaimer

This document is intended solely for educational and harm-reduction purposes.

It does not provide legal advice, nor does it condone or promote unlawful activity. All information presented is sourced from publicly available legal resources, case law, and protest training materials. Engage responsibly, verify jurisdictional relevance, and consult with legal collectives like the National Lawyers Guild when possible.

© Copyright & License

© 2025 Trans Army

Licensed under CC BY-NC-SA 4.0

- No corporate, state, or carceral use permitted
- Redistribution encouraged. Attribution required.